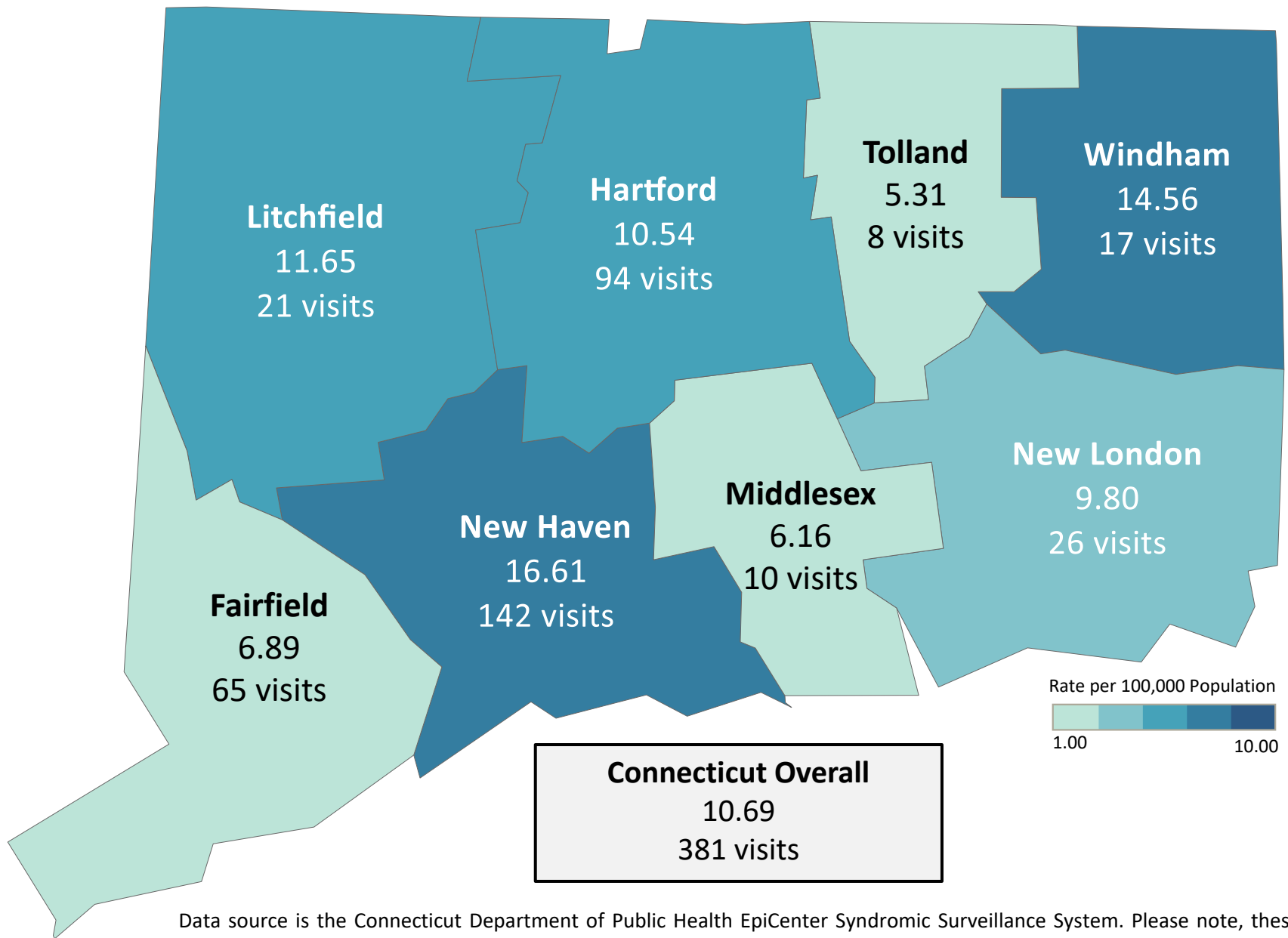
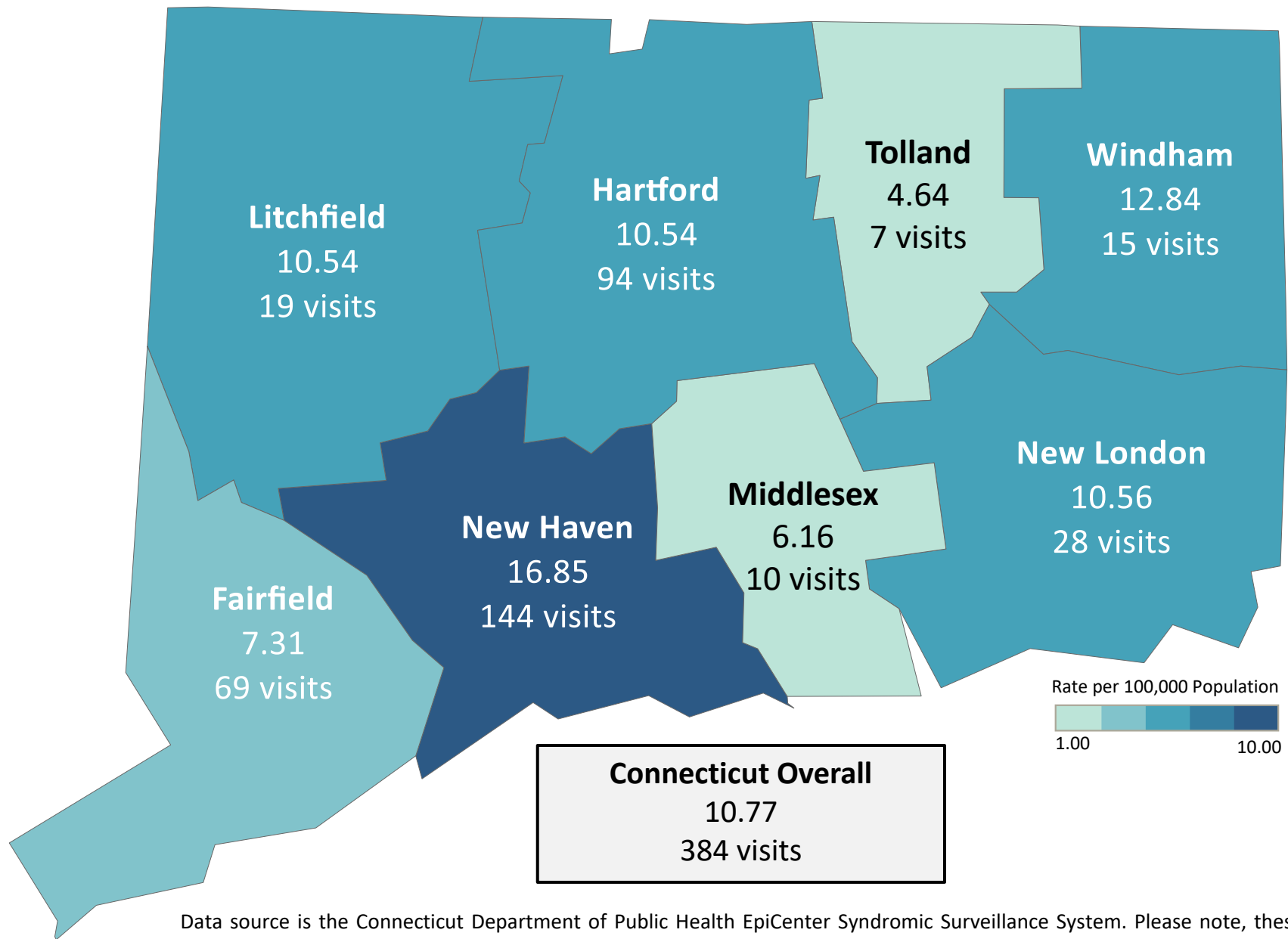


3-Month Rolling Average Rate per 100,000 Population and Count of ED Visits for “Suspected Opioid Overdose” Syndrome in Connecticut, by County of Residence, March 2021



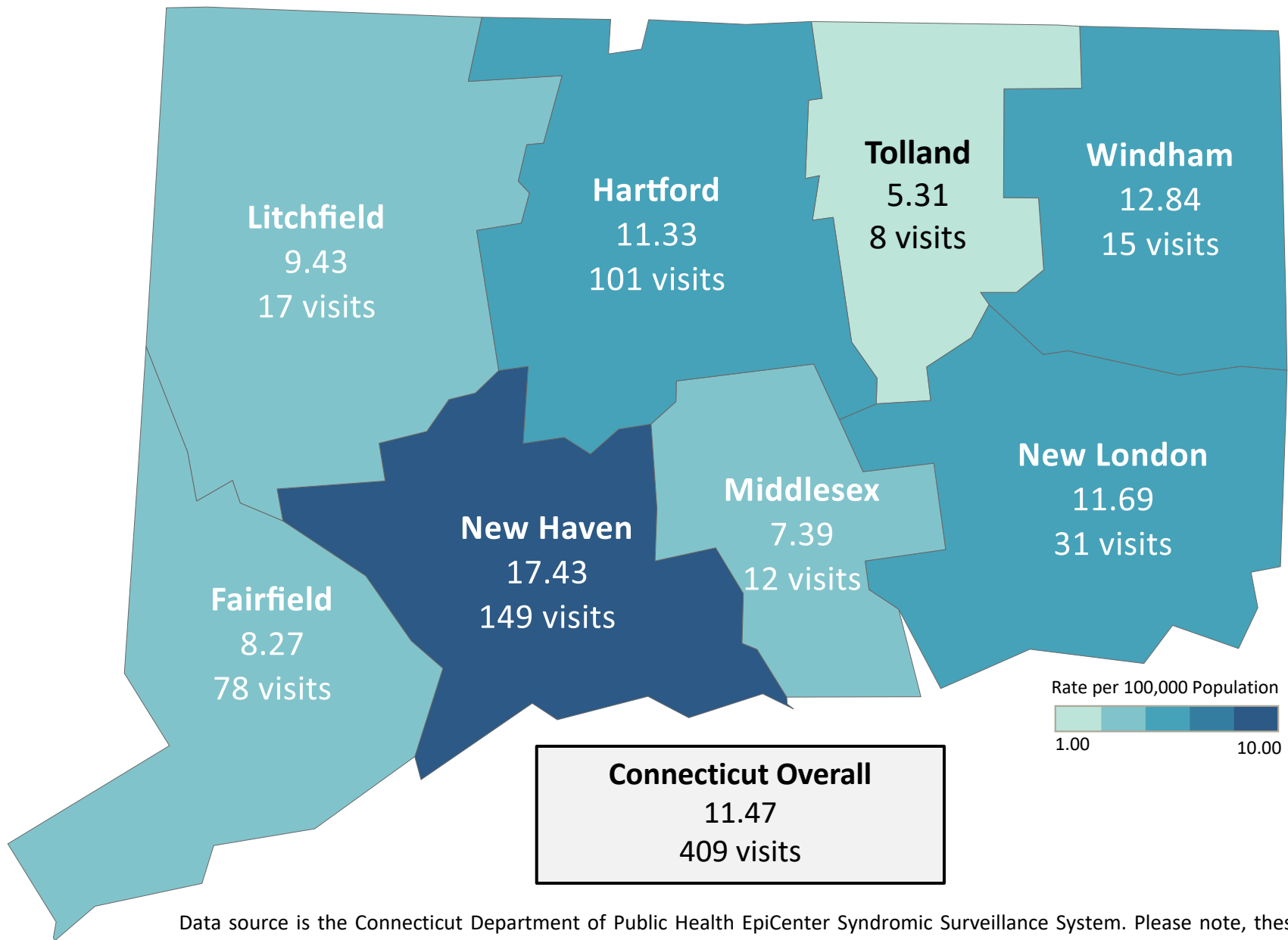
Data source is the Connecticut Department of Public Health EpiCenter Syndromic Surveillance System. Please note, these data are preliminary; caution should be used when interpreting these results. All of the 38 ED facilities participating in EpiCenter were sending data for 75% to 100% of the days in the specified three-month time frame.

3-Month Rolling Average Rate per 100,000 Population and Count of ED Visits for “Suspected Opioid Overdose” Syndrome in Connecticut, by County of Residence, April 2021



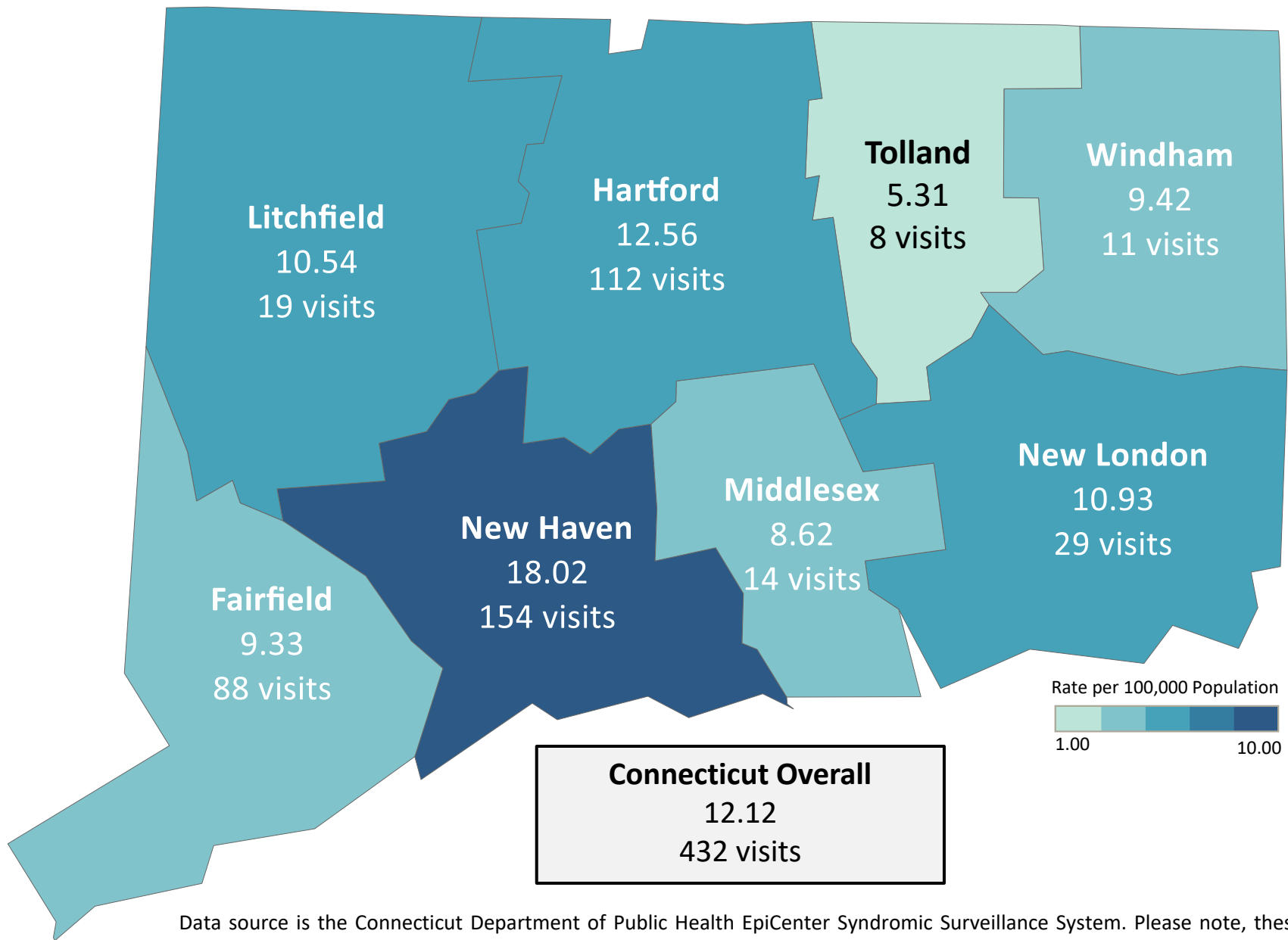
Data source is the Connecticut Department of Public Health EpiCenter Syndromic Surveillance System. Please note, these data are preliminary; caution should be used when interpreting these results. All of the 38 ED facilities participating in EpiCenter were sending data for 75% to 100% of the days in the specified three-month time frame.

3-Month Rolling Average Rate per 100,000 Population and Count of ED Visits for “Suspected Opioid Overdose” Syndrome in Connecticut, by County of Residence, May 2021



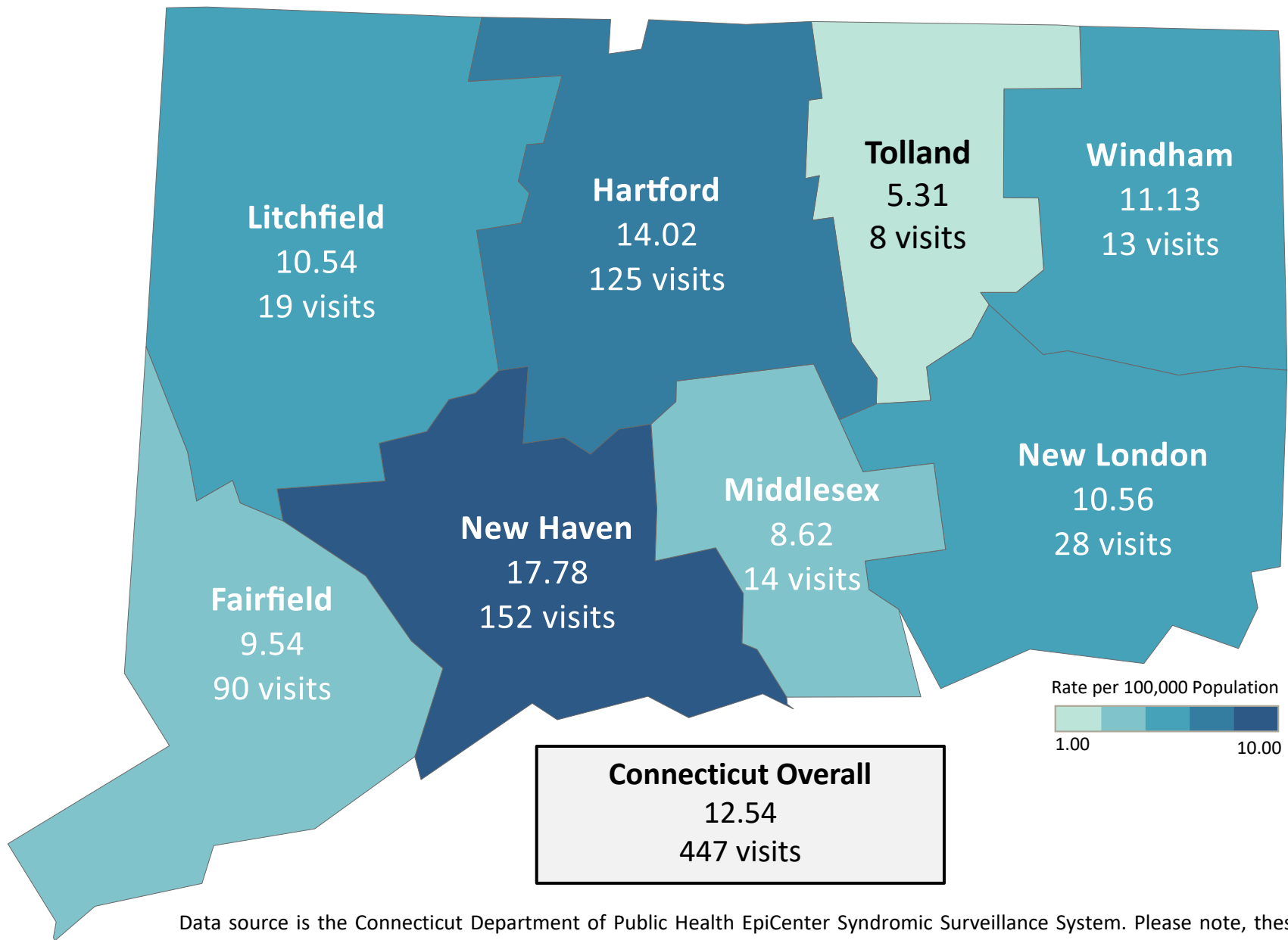
Data source is the Connecticut Department of Public Health EpiCenter Syndromic Surveillance System. Please note, these data are preliminary; caution should be used when interpreting these results. All of the 38 ED facilities participating in EpiCenter were sending data for 75% to 100% of the days in the specified three-month time frame.

3-Month Rolling Average Rate per 100,000 Population and Count of ED Visits for “Suspected Opioid Overdose” Syndrome in Connecticut, by County of Residence, June 2021



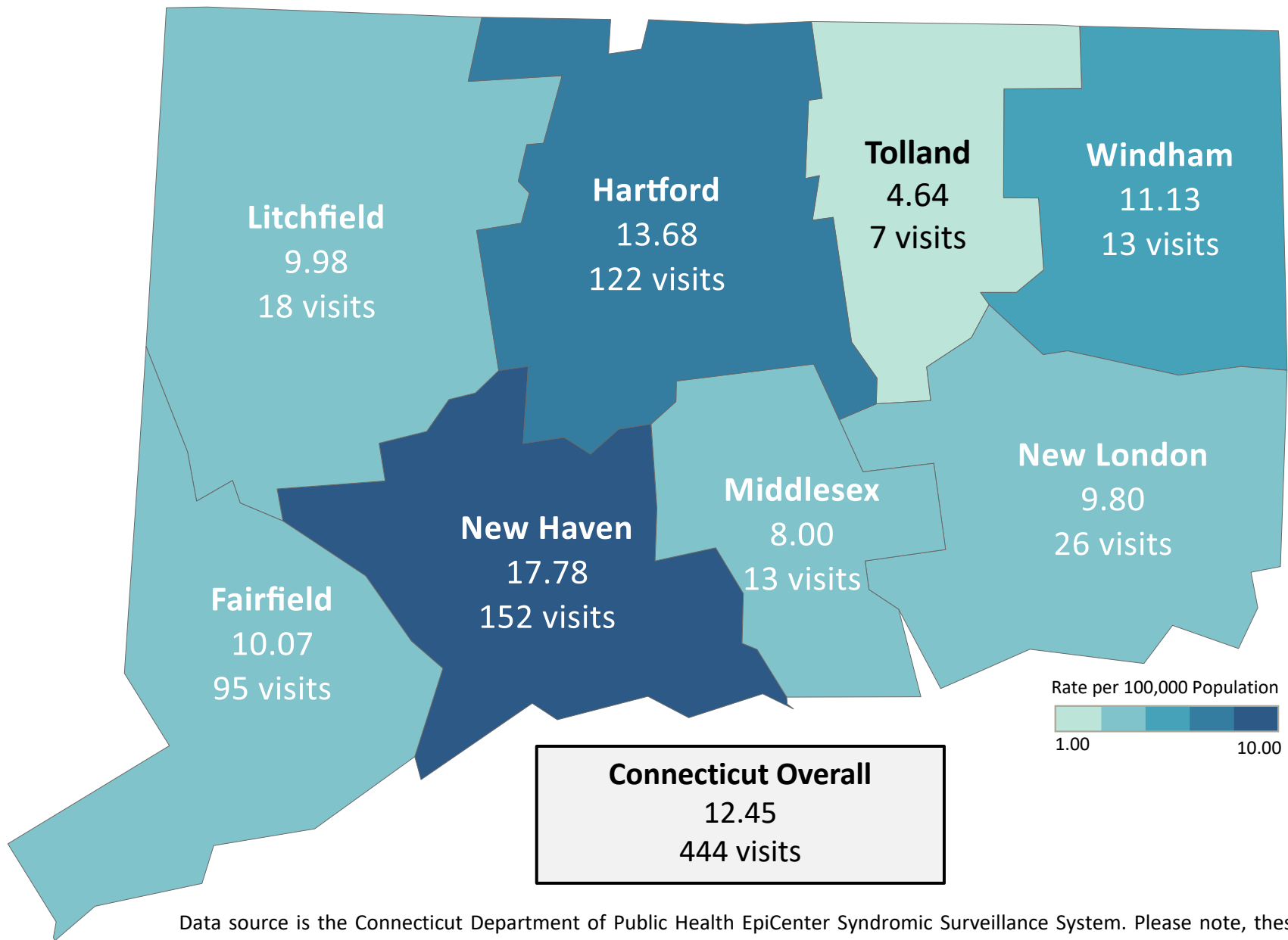
Data source is the Connecticut Department of Public Health EpiCenter Syndromic Surveillance System. Please note, these data are preliminary; caution should be used when interpreting these results. All of the 38 ED facilities participating in EpiCenter were sending data for 75% to 100% of the days in the specified three-month time frame.

3-Month Rolling Average Rate per 100,000 Population and Count of ED Visits for “Suspected Opioid Overdose” Syndrome in Connecticut, by County of Residence, July 2021



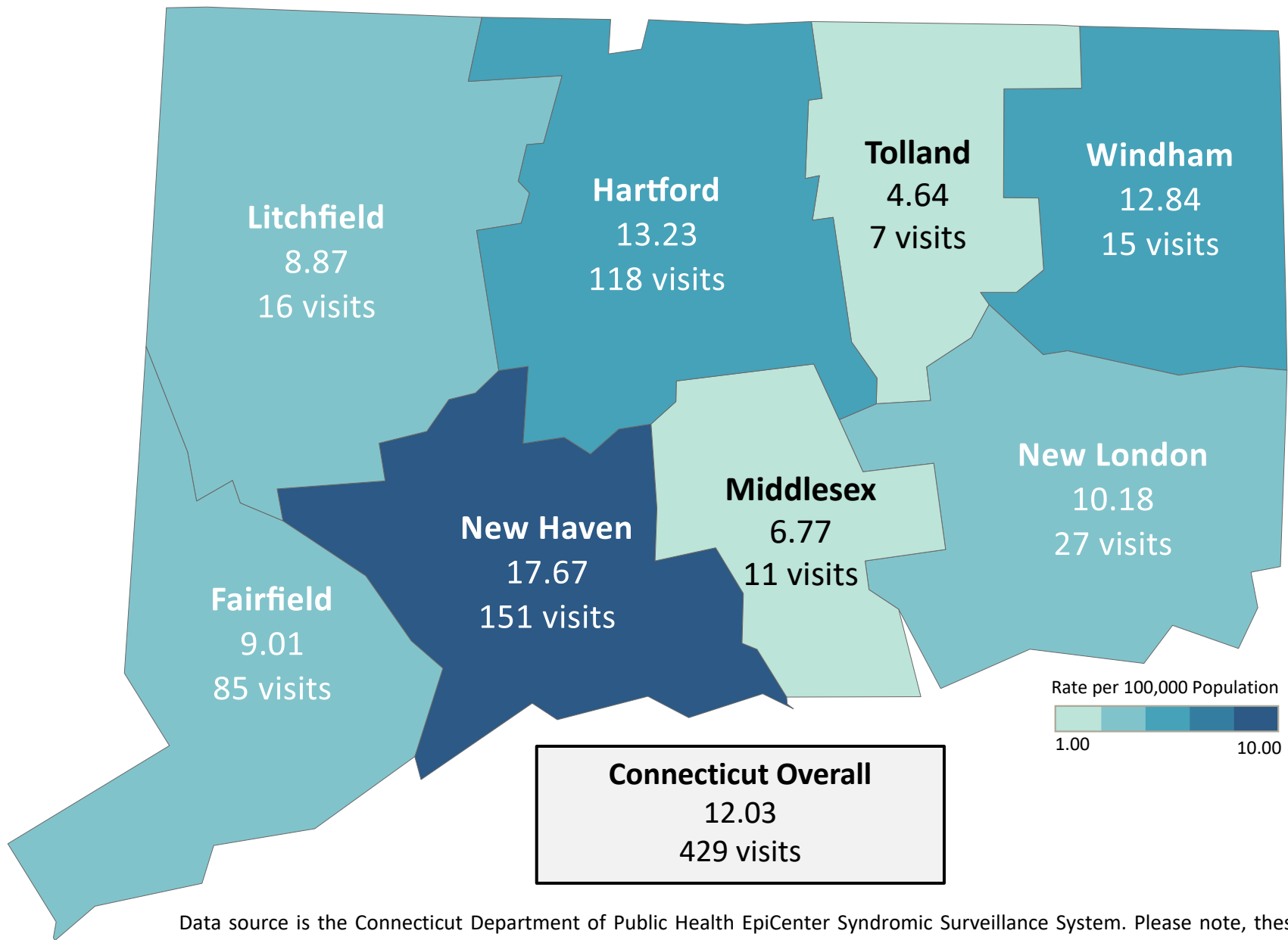
Data source is the Connecticut Department of Public Health EpiCenter Syndromic Surveillance System. Please note, these data are preliminary; caution should be used when interpreting these results. All of the 38 ED facilities participating in EpiCenter were sending data for 75% to 100% of the days in the specified three-month time frame.

3-Month Rolling Average Rate per 100,000 Population and Count of ED Visits for “Suspected Opioid Overdose” Syndrome in Connecticut, by County of Residence, August 2021



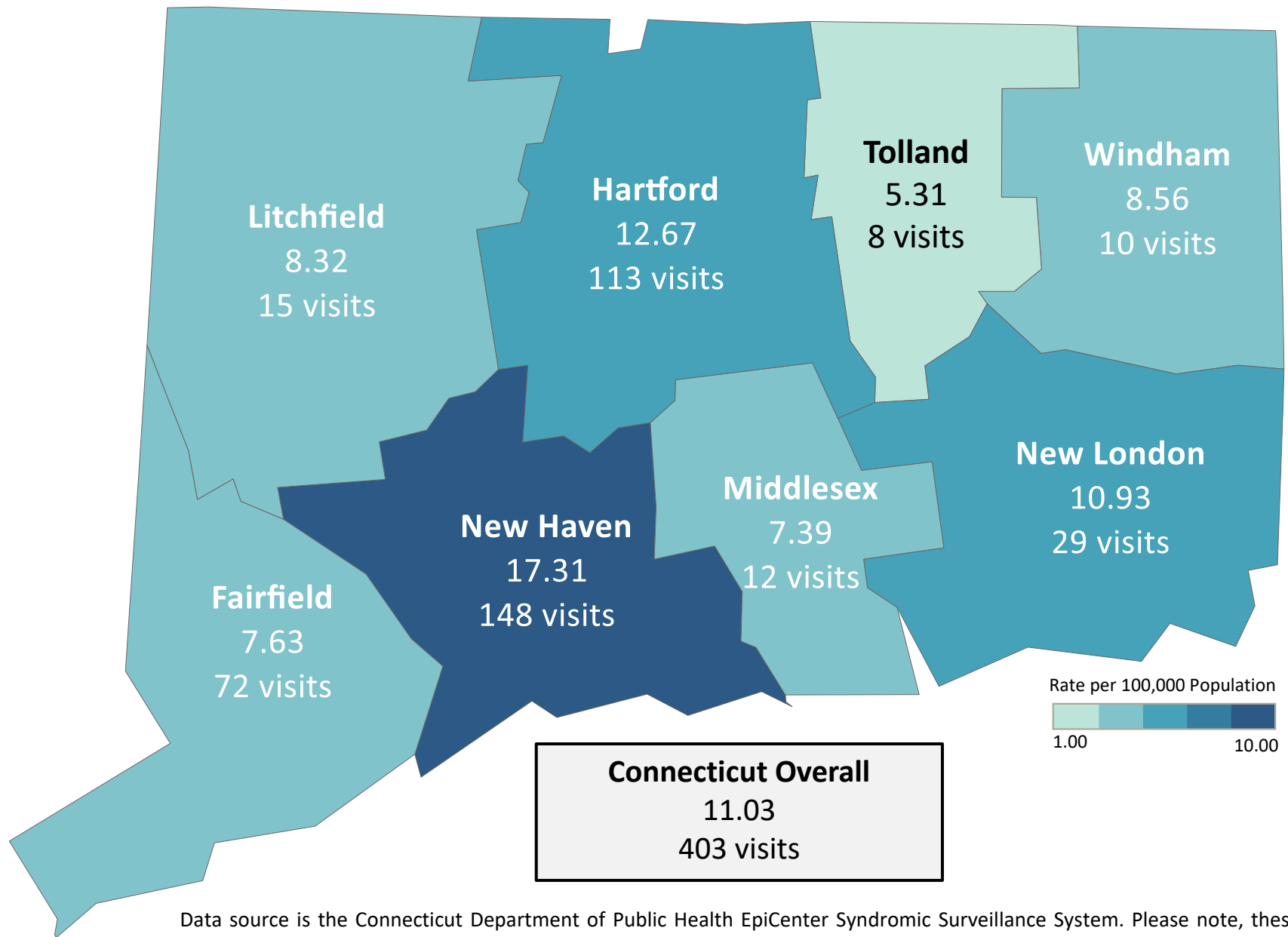
Data source is the Connecticut Department of Public Health EpiCenter Syndromic Surveillance System. Please note, these data are preliminary; caution should be used when interpreting these results. All of the 38 ED facilities participating in EpiCenter were sending data for 75% to 100% of the days in the specified three-month time frame.

3-Month Rolling Average Rate per 100,000 Population and Count of ED Visits for “Suspected Opioid Overdose” Syndrome in Connecticut, by County of Residence, September 2021



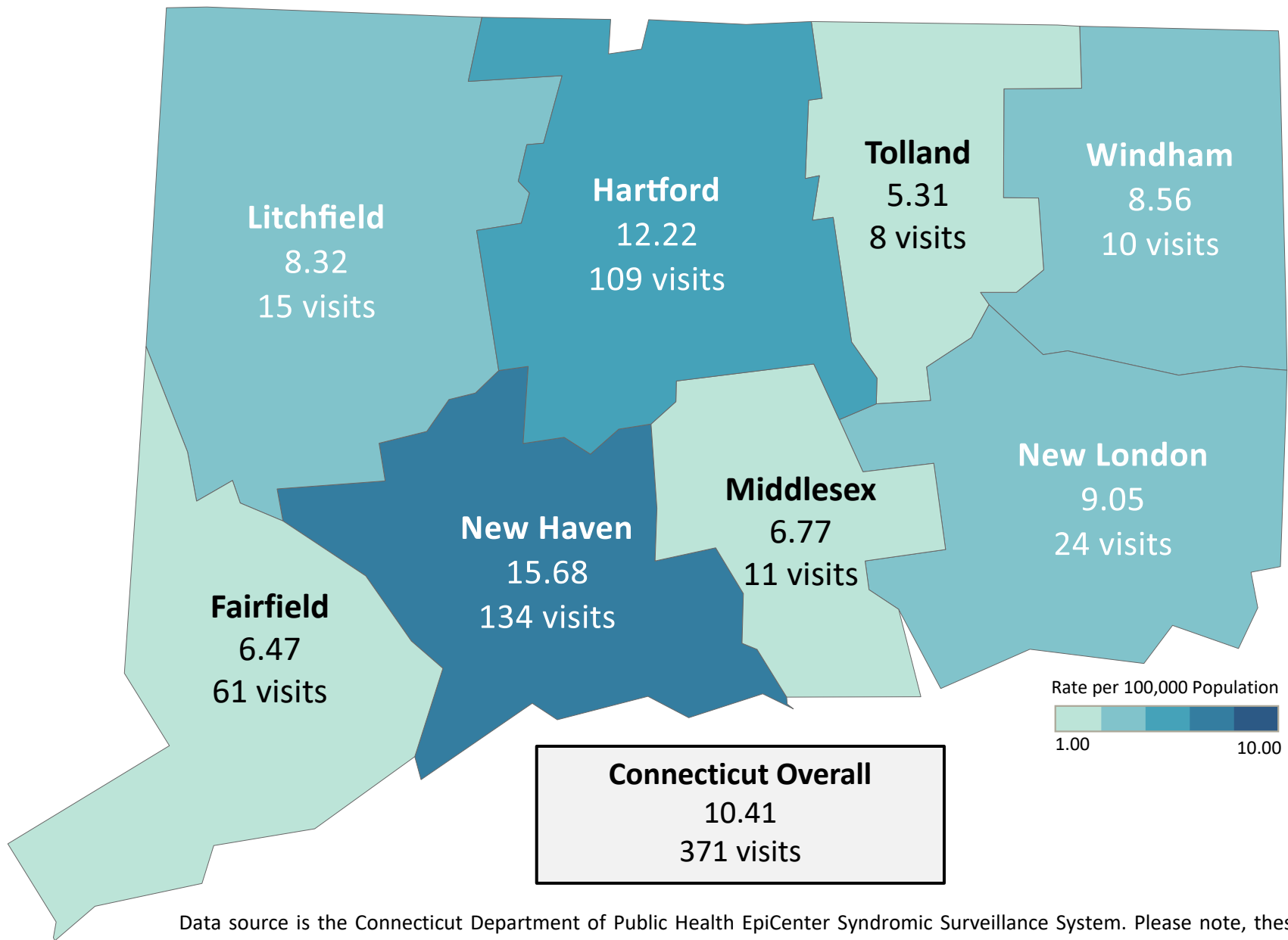
Data source is the Connecticut Department of Public Health EpiCenter Syndromic Surveillance System. Please note, these data are preliminary; caution should be used when interpreting these results. All of the 38 ED facilities participating in EpiCenter were sending data for 75% to 100% of the days in the specified three-month time frame.

3-Month Rolling Average Rate per 100,000 Population and Count of ED Visits for “Suspected Opioid Overdose” Syndrome in Connecticut, by County of Residence, October 2021



Data source is the Connecticut Department of Public Health EpiCenter Syndromic Surveillance System. Please note, these data are preliminary; caution should be used when interpreting these results. All of the 38 ED facilities participating in EpiCenter were sending data for 75% to 100% of the days in the specified three-month time frame.

3-Month Rolling Average Rate per 100,000 Population and Count of ED Visits for “Suspected Opioid Overdose” Syndrome in Connecticut, by County of Residence, November 2021



Data source is the Connecticut Department of Public Health EpiCenter Syndromic Surveillance System. Please note, these data are preliminary; caution should be used when interpreting these results. All of the 38 ED facilities participating in EpiCenter were sending data for 75% to 100% of the days in the specified three-month time frame.